

RICHMOND HILL RESOURCES PLC · AIM: RHR



Martello Gold Project

A consolidated past-producing gold district on the Wabigoon Subprovince, Ontario

Investor Presentation · July 2026

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Why Martello

Martello is RHR's gold exploration project in Ontario, Canada — a consolidated ~5,659ha former-producing district in the Wabigoon greenstone belt, targeting a maiden resource in 2027.

01

Historic producer, ~14g/t Au

Sakoose is a past-producing, fold-hinge-hosted gold system with historical grades averaging ~14g/t Au.

02

A consolidated district

~5,659ha · 145 claims under single ownership — a historically fragmented district, now testable as one system for the first time.

03

A >1.4km interpreted system

Sakoose–Maw interpreted as one folded gold system across opposite limbs of the same fold.

04

Only ~350m of strike drilled

Drilling covers ~350m of the >1.4km interpreted structure — most of the system remains untested.

05

Modern tools, historical model

A re-interpretation of historical results with a 3D magnetic model.

06

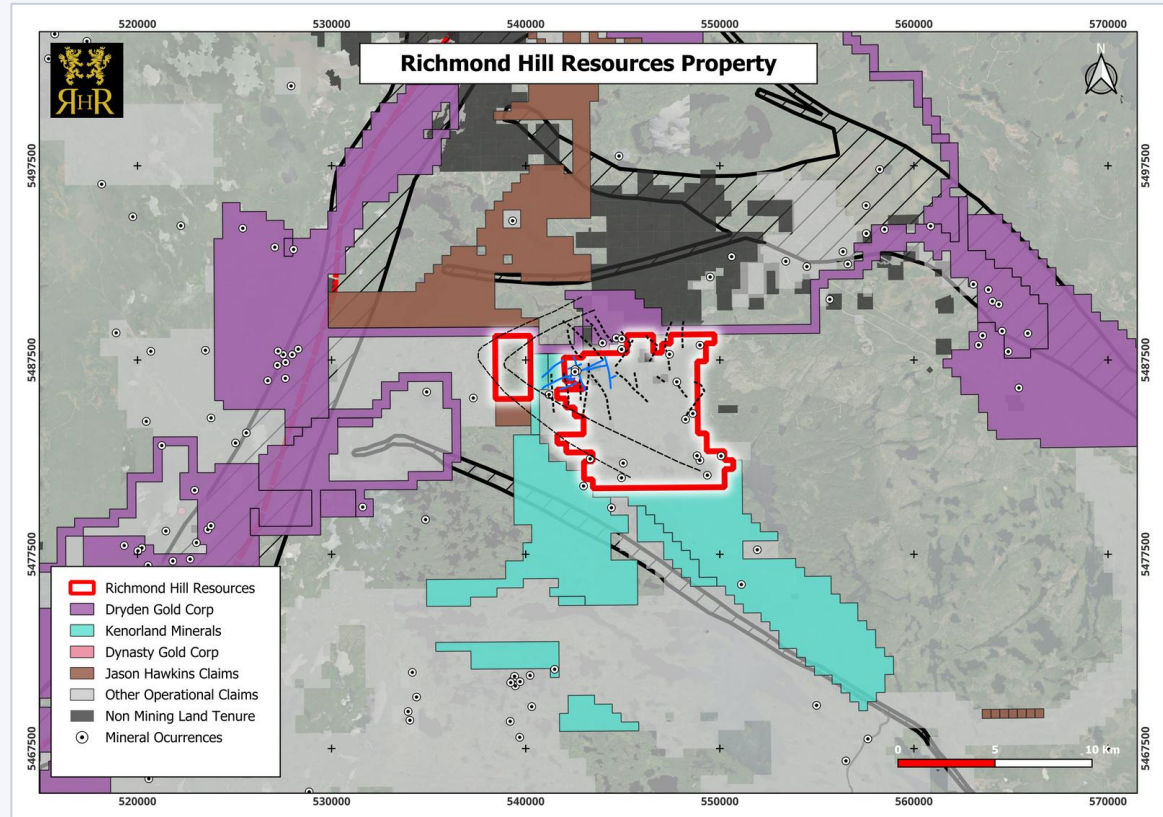
Near-term newsflow

Sakoose drilling H2 2026, maiden resource 2027. AIM-listed (RHR), admitted October 2025.

REGIONAL CONTEXT

A tier-one belt, with a defined neighbour

- Martello sits within the productive Wabigoon gold corridor, alongside multi-million-ounce deposits held by Agnico Eagle, New Gold, Treasury Metals and First Mining.
- Ontario ranks 2nd in the world for mining investment attractiveness (Fraser Institute, 2025).
- **RHR's property directly borders Kenorland Minerals (TSX-V: KLD) along its southern boundary** — placing Martello within an actively explored, well-financed structural corridor.
- Kenorland is backed by Sumitomo Metal Mining (10.1%) and Centerra Gold (9.9%).

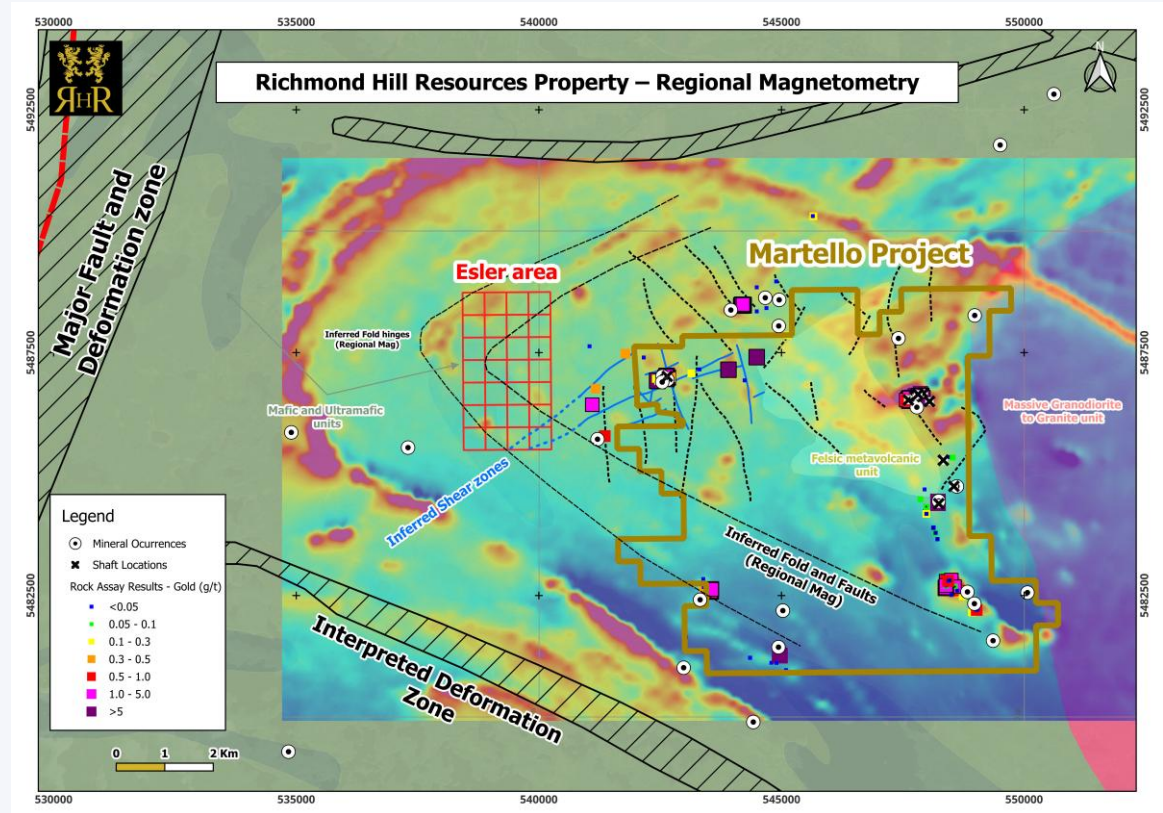


Neighbouring companies and deposits shown for regional context only; third-party assets, not RHR's. Figures per company disclosures and Fraser Institute Annual Survey of Mining Companies 2025. Kenorland ownership stakes per Kenorland Minerals SEDAR+ filings; market capitalisation figures are date-sensitive.

Property-scale magnetometry & structure

- RHR's consolidated property (gold outline) lies in the felsic-metavolcanic corridor, between regional deformation zones.
- Gold-in-rock assays track mapped shear zones and fold structures — the fold-controlled mineralisation historic workers repeatedly described.
- Documented occurrences and historic shafts cluster along these structures across the block.

A district-scale system on mapped structures — not a single isolated vein.





Fold-hinge vein system, past producer

PAST PRODUCTION — HISTORICAL

8,828t milled **~14g/t Au**

Across two campaigns — Ottawa Milling (1897–1902) and Van Houten (1944–47). Historical figure, non-current and not NI 43-101 compliant.

Workings

4 shafts + 2 open stopes · ~280m strike · deepest ~76m

Open

Open along strike and at depth; historic work tested only to ~200m vertical

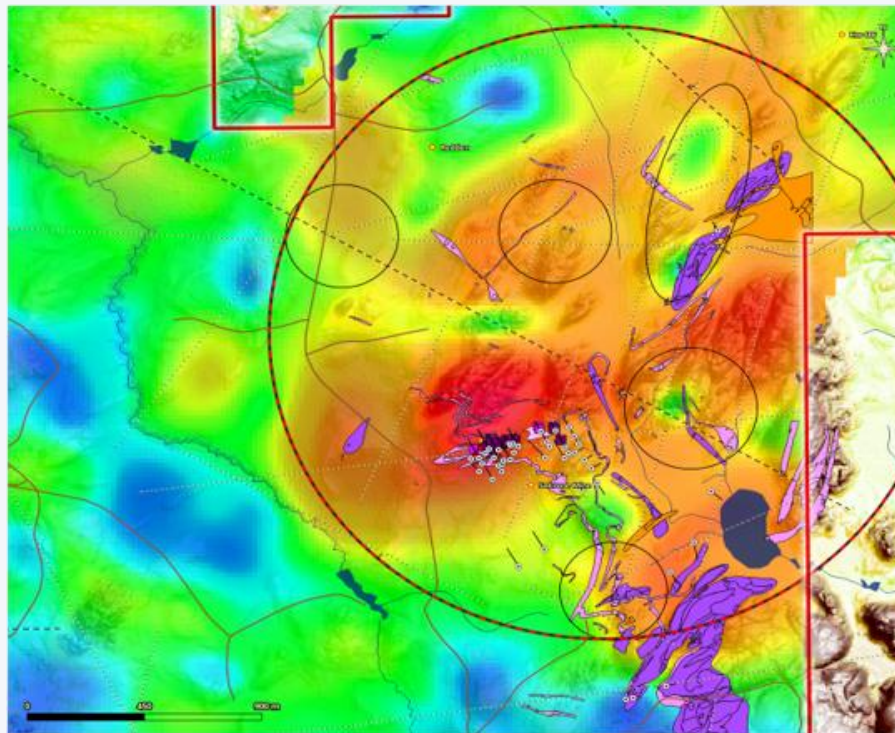
Selected historic intercepts: SAK-22 53.1g/t / 1.07m · SAK-4 10.3g/t / 6.86m · SAK-10 20.6g/t / 0.52m

A past producer at ~14g/t that was never mined out — it remains open along strike and at depth.

A structural junction — fold hinge meets feeder fault

- Sakoose sits where the regional fold hinge meets an interpreted feeder fault — apparent convergence of multiple structural trends where dilation and fluid focusing concentrate gold.
- Gold-bearing veins were drilled over ~350m of strike — beyond the ~280m historic mining strike.
- Maw — ~108m SE on the opposing limb of the same fold — is an undrilled occurrence in the same structural setting.

Sakoose sits where gold concentrates — and that position continues, undrilled, in both directions.



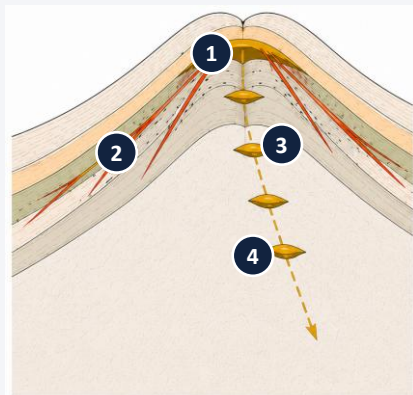
Sakoose local geology and property-scale magnetics (MVI inversion, ~100m elevation slice; ~275m below surface), with rock and soil gold assays, mineral showings and prospecting sub-targets.

Two trap styles — why the hinge matters

Two independent studies (Kresz 1987, Hampton 1988) both place Sakoose in the fold-related category.

SADDLE REEF (FOLD-CONTROLLED)

Fold hinge-controlled quartz vein system

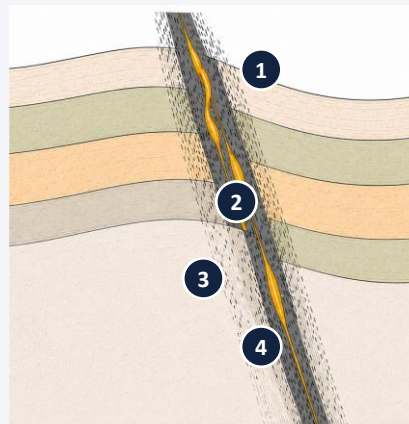


- 1 Saddle reef (~55°)** — thickened quartz vein in the hinge zone, sub-horizontal to bedding.
- 2 Leg reef (~30°)** — extension veins on the fold limb; common high-grade position.
- 3 Oblique shear veins (~40°)** — cut across limbs between leg and saddle reefs; important mineralised sites.
- 4 Stacked ore shoots** — repeated shoots down-plunge following the hinge.

Higher potential for large, high-grade ore shoots

FAULT-SHEAR (PLANAR SYSTEM)

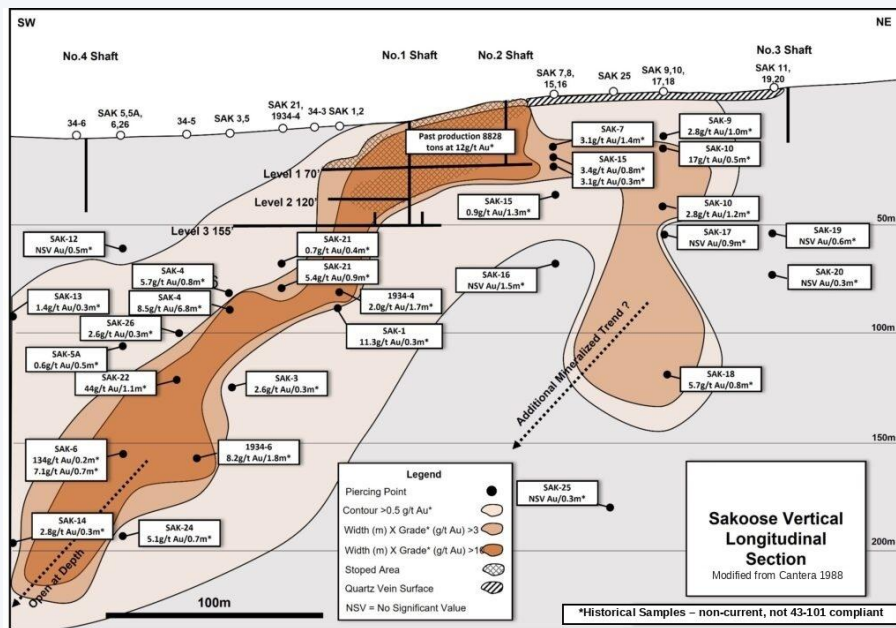
Planar shear-controlled quartz vein



- 1 Dilation zone (opening)** — localised openings where bends, jogs or steps occur along the fault.
- 2 Ore shoots by local dilation** — controlled by bends, jogs and steps.
- 3 Fault offset or jog** — displacement can terminate or offset mineralisation.
- 4 Shoots pinch out / terminate** — against barriers; limited continuity down-plunge.

Lower potential for large, high-grade ore shoots

Most of Sakoose has never been drill-tested



Historic drilling covers only a fraction of the interpreted strike. The section shows the drilled envelope — open along strike and at depth, with an additional mineralised trend still to test.

Sakoose and Maw form one continuous structure over >1.4km combined strike, with ~900m of potentially economic strike (Redden 1990) — and only ~350m drilled to date.

Roughly three-quarters of the >1.4km strike has never been drilled.

Note: grades on the section are reproduced as originally plotted. Figures elsewhere in this deck use the correct troy-ounce/short-ton conversion (34.29g/t per oz/t) and are therefore higher — e.g. SAK-22 53.1g/t vs 44g/t as plotted.

WHY CONSOLIDATION MATTERS

We own both key structural junctions



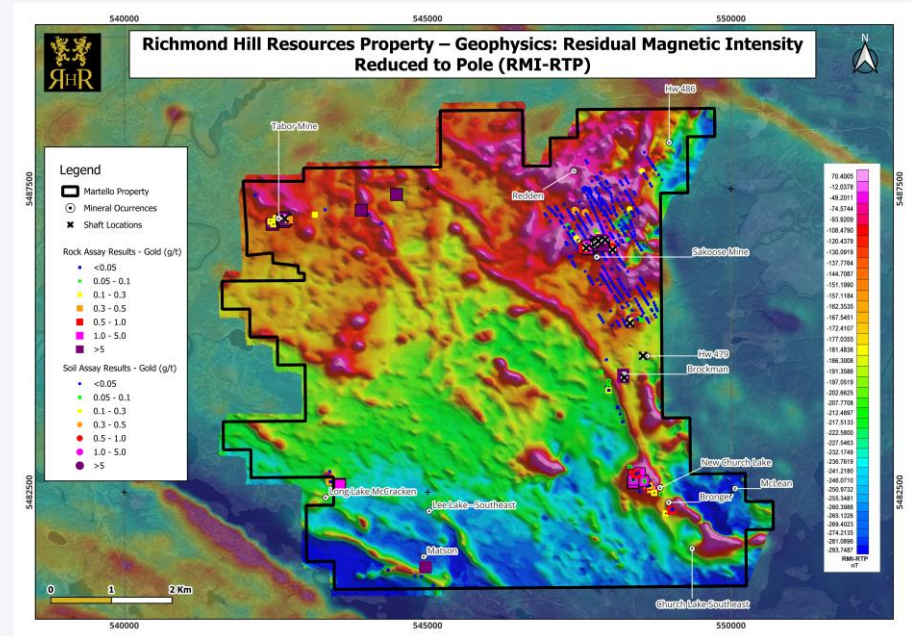
Gold is focused where major structures meet.

RHR now controls both known junction-style targets:

- **Tabor Junction** — North-trending structure meets the fold-hinge corridor.
- **Sakoose–Maw Junction** — Kawashegamuk transfer fault meets the fold-hinge corridor.

Key point: Historic operators explored isolated workings. RHR now controls the structural architecture.

RHR does not just own more ground. It owns the intersections.

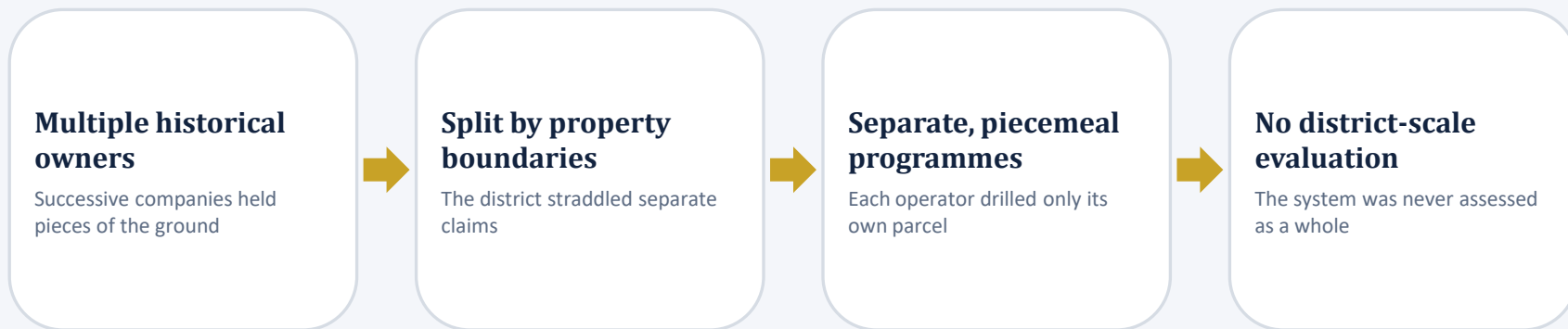


Working geological interpretation. Subject to confirmation by current 3D magnetic modelling and fieldwork.



Exploration was fragmented

For a century Martello sat across separate owners and property boundaries.



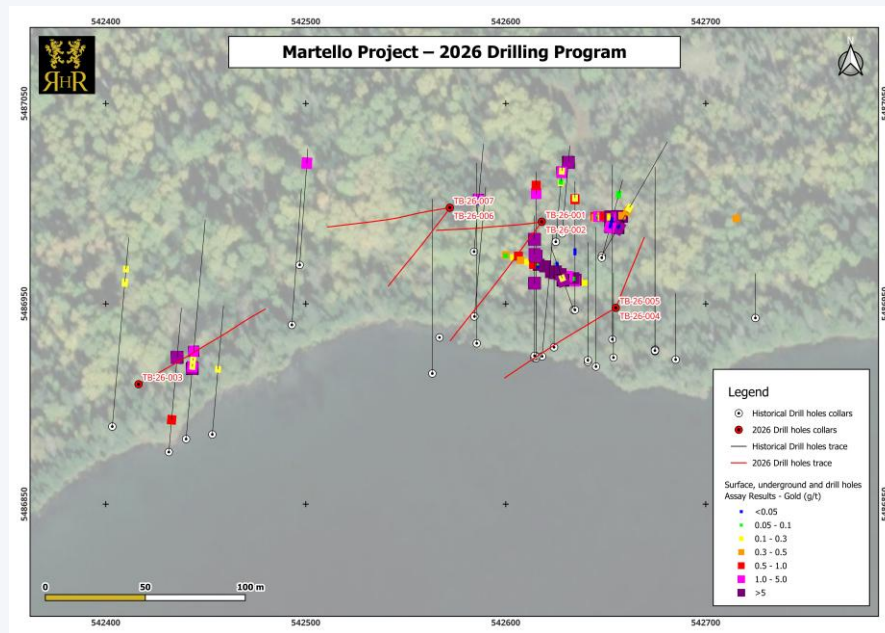
Intrusion-hosted QFP system

A distinct mineralisation style — gold-bearing quartz–carbonate veins hosted within a quartz-feldspar porphyry (QFP) body and adjacent country rock.

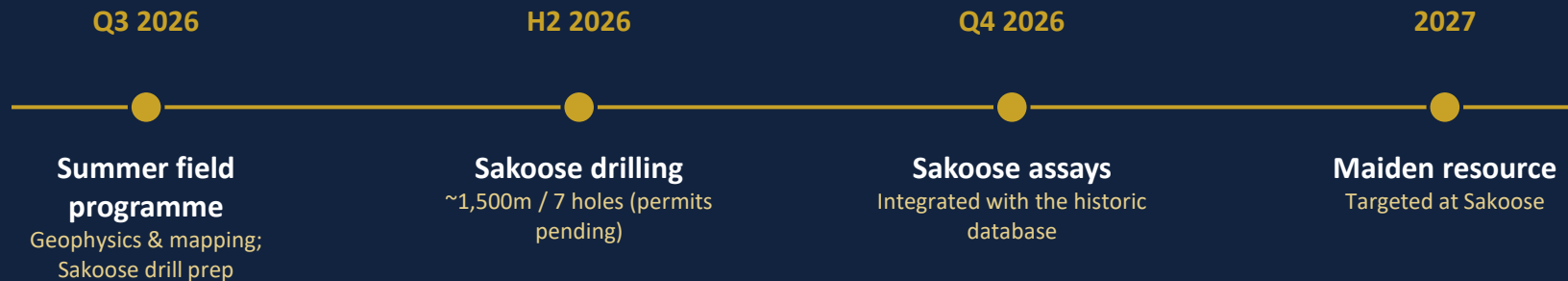
12.3-42.4g/t

Historic bulk-sample grades (1937–38)

A second, independent target on the same ground — Martello is not a one-vein story.



2026–2027 catalysts





Saint Sophie copper Project — strategic optionality

Early-stage copper exploration ground in southern Quebec

Jurisdiction

Quebec — established mining province with smelter, refinery, road, rail and port access.

Asset type

Multiple early-stage copper licences with documented historic grades and artisanal production (1904–1912).

Ontario-first sequencing

Drill permits at Sakoose are achievable in 2026; Quebec advances through permitting and consultation in parallel.



Capital structure & board

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Listing	AIM (London Stock Exchange)
Ticker	RHR
Admitted	October 2025
Shares in issue	735.2 million
Share price	1.45p
Market capitalisation	£10.7m

Hamish Harris **Executive Director**

20+ yrs banking (Singapore/HK/London); senior roles across listed and private mining ventures.

David Tink **Non-Executive Chairman**

Dual-qualified lawyer (NSW; England & Wales); 15+ yrs ECM, M&A and corporate transactions.

Sheldon Modeland **Non-Executive Director**

MSc Geology; 14 yrs precious-metals projects; financial modelling and resource/risk assessment.

Ryan Dolder **Non-Executive Director**

Company director (UK & USA); BBus & BCompSci, University of Notre Dame.



Martello in one line

Martello is a consolidated historic gold district in Ontario, led by Sakoose–Maw — a past-producing, fold-controlled gold system, now testable as one system for the first time, with near-term drilling and district-scale upside.

www.richmondhillresources.com

Historic production and assay data referenced are non-current and not NI 43-101 compliant, and do not represent current mineral resources. Drilling programmes and resource targets are subject to permitting, funding and technical conditions. This document is not an offer or invitation to acquire securities.



Principal technical references

Year	Reference	Contribution supported by the cited document
1982	Kuryliw, C.J. — AFRI 52F09SW0028	Geological mapping and exploration of the Tabor Lake area.
1987	Kresz, D.U. — OGS OFR 5659	Regional mapping (Geology of the Kawashegamuk Lake Area). Describes a chevron syncline with the Sakoose workings on the NW limb.
1988	Hampton, R.J. (1988) Sakoose Property Diamond Drill Programme Venturex Resources Ltd. / Nexus Resource Corp.	Venturex/Nexus drilling (26 holes, SAK-1 to SAK-26) and the Sakoose vertical longitudinal section. Describes the vein following an anticline axial plane.
1990	Delisle, P. — OGS OFR 5731, p.123–130	Fold-controlled mineralisation, including saddle reefs, leg reefs and associated vein systems.
1990	Redden, J.W. — Match Capital Resources Corp. AFRI 52F09SW0012, p.18	Sakoose and Maw as one continuous structure; combined strike >1.4km; ~900m potentially economic strike; drilling limited to ~350m of strike to date.
2002	Woolham, R.W., P.Eng. — AFRI 52F09SW2003 (Cantera Mining Ltd)	Regional aeromagnetic interpretation and compilation of previous geological work.
2026	Critical Discoveries Inc.	3D magnetic interpretation, target ranking and the 2026 field programme.